Rs. 5,000 may be provided annually for this purpose in the Public Works Department Budget for a period of five years commencing from 1928-29.

11. In the case of all Muzrai Works, Government are of opinion that an annual programme should be drawn up in good time in advance of the preparation of the Budget Estimates. The Muzrai Commissioner is requested to have this programme ready for consideration along with the State, Muzrai, Public Works Department and General Muzrai Fund Budgets.

12. With the additional funds placed at the disposal of the Muzrai and Public Works Departments and strict attention to the instructions issued in this order, Government hope that the condition of Muzrai buildings and monuments of architectural interest will be gradually improved.

13. The attention of all officers concerned is drawn to the existing orders noted in the margin relating to these buildings and monuments and they are requested to give effect to the instructions in regard to their inspection.

(1) G. O. No. 3067-80—Muz. 421-17-9, dated 3rd April 1919.
(2) G. O. No. G. 6045-105—G. M. 194-17-8, dated 14th September 1920.
(3) G. O. No. G. 18265-325—G. M. 44-20-9, dated 31st March 1921.

B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Secy. to Government, Financial Department.

(Vide Answer to Question 23.)

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. R. 402-04—R. M. 6-29-115,
DATED 19TH JULY 1930.

Read—

Correspondence ending with letter No. C. 1984—29-30, dated 1st April 1930, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore, submitting proposals in the matter of the remission of the assessment on lands dependent on Talapariges in the Madhugiri and Pavagada Taluks of the Tumkur District which have failed or have run dry.

2. Unofficial note No. 22, dated 7th June 1930, of the Survey Superintendent giving his opinion in the matter.

ORDER NO. R. 402-04 _R. M. 6-29-115,
DATED 19TH JULY 1930.

Irrigation by Talapariges or springs is a special feature of cultivation in the Madhugiri and Pavagada Taluks of the Tumkur District. These sources of irrigation have been seriously affected in recent years by continued insufficiency of rainfall and several of them have now either gone permanently dry or yield but precarious supplies of water. The deterioration of Talapariges has materially affected the conditions of cultivation in the areas commanded by them, and rendered it necessary to lay down principles for regulating the extent and manner of relief which should be afforded to the cultivators concerned. On the basis of a careful investigation conducted by the Deputy Commissioner, the Revenue Commissioner has submitted the following recommendations:—

(1) If a Talaparige has either gone dry or failed continuously, and if in consequence only dry crops are being and can be raised on the lands thereunder, only dry assessment should be levied, and the difference between the wet and garden assessment and the dry assessment should be remitted every year until the next re-settlement of the Taluk when the land will be re-assessed as dry.

(2) If the failure of a Talaparige has been only temporary with the result that only dry crops could be raised in a certain area under it, a remission of three-fourths of the existing wet or garden assessment should be given subject to the condition that the balance levied, works out to a rate not less than the maximum dry rate in the locality and that the claim for remission is made before December in each year.

(3) If the level of water in a Talaparige has run so low as to necessitate baling, a remission of half the existing wet or garden assessment should be given, the matter being decided during the annual Huzur Jamabandi on *takarar taktas*.

2. The Survey Superintendent is of opinion that in cases falling under Clause (1) the lands should be jointly inspected by the Sub-Division Officer and the District Survey Officer and lists thereof sent to his office for scrutiny as to whether the lands have any other sources of supply besides the Talapariges, this scrutiny being with a view to

prevent concessions under the rule being sanctioned in undeserving cases.

3. Government are pleased to sanction the recommendations of the Revenue Commissioner with the modification suggested by the Survey Superintendent. The Survey Superintendent will scrutinise the lists relating to cases falling under Clause (1) and forward them to the Revenue Commissioner for orders and transmission to the officers concerned. Cases falling under Clauses (2) and (3) will be disposed of in the course of Huzur Jamabandi.

4. The concessions sanctioned above will have no retrospective effect and will be applicable only to cases arising in the Madhugiri and Pavagada Taluks. The Revenue Commissioner is requested to submit a special report to Government in the matter at the end of three years.

N. RAMA RAO,

Secretary to Government,

Development Department.

(Vide *Answer to Question 25.*)

Resolutions accepted by Government.	*Action taken.*
1. The desirability of adopting Kannada as the sole language for all official correspondence connected with the administration of the State in all offices and meetings, including Civil and Criminal Courts, insted of the English language. (R. A. Session, June 1924.)	The principle of the resolution has been accepted and effect given to it to a modified extent. (*Vide* G. O. No. G. 1343-97—G. M. 94-24-2, dated 28th August 1925.)
2. Undesirability of frequent transfers of teachers, especially during the working season, unless it be for misbehaviour. (R. A. Session, June 1926.)	The attention of the Inspector-General of Education (Director of Public Instruction) was drawn to this.

3. Recommends that a beginning may at once be made to build, even in cities and towns, cheap and simple houses to accommodate the ever-increasing number of pupils who are, in a good many cases, now huddled up in small rooms, in rented dwelling houses, shops and godowns, quite unsuited for school purposes. (R. A. Session, June 1926.)	The attention of the Inspector-General of Education (Director of Public Instruction) was drawn to this.
4. Adoption of Kannada as the medium of instruction in all secondary schools of the State. (R. A. Dasara Session, 1928.)	Government have accepted the principle of the resolution and effect was given to it to a modified extent. (*Vide* G. O. No. E. 2147-49—Edn. 3-30-8, dated 16th June 1931.)
5. Appointment of women lecturers for lecturing women-folk in villages on matters relating to Education, Sanitation, Public Health and Child Welfare. (R. A. Dasara Session, 1930.)	The resolution was accepted for adoption, as far as practicable. The Director of Public Instruction reports that the Assistant Inspectresses have been doing some propaganda work with regard to the spread of education, that the institution of special corps of lady lecturers is an expensive proposition and is not possible in the present state of financial condition.
6. Desirability of adopting suitable measures in the matter of securing adequate representation of the backward classes in the higher ranks. (R. A. Session, June 1931.)	This is under consideration.
7. Reduction in future elections of the property qualification of voters and candidates prescribed for the Legislative Council in rural constituencies so as to make them correspond with those fixed for elections to the Representative Assembly. (R.A. Dasara Session, 1925.)	The rules on the subject were revised accordingly in respect of voters, but not as regards candidates. (G. O. No. Rel. 323-332—L.C. 3-26-1, dated 11th November 1931.)
8. Amendment of land revenue remission rules issued in Government Order No. 14-35—L. R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925. (R. A. Dasara Session, 1926.)	The rules on the subject were revised accordingly. (*Vide* G. O. No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927.)

Resolutions accepted by Government.	*Action taken.*
9. Appointment of a committee in connection with the revision and codification of Hindu Law. (R. A Budget Session of 1927)	A committee was appointed to report on women's rights under the Hindu Law and on their report a bill has been introduced in the Legislative Council.
10. Appointment of a committee to consider the revision of rules regarding the levy of tolls at the toll-gates. (R. A. Session, June 1928.)	A committee was appointed for the purpose and on their report Government have passed orders in G. O. No. L. 8055-73—L. B. 111-28-30, dated 31st May 1929.

Resolutions accepted by Government, but on which action has not yet been taken.

	Reason.
1. Deputation of some officers of the Police Department for further training in their work to foreign countries and to London in particular. (R. A. Dasara Session, 1929.)	Financial stringency.
2. Desirability of adopting suitable measures in the matter of securing adequate representation of the backward classes in the higher ranks. (R. A. Birthday Session, 1931.)	This is under consideration.
3. Compilation of a comprehensive English-Kannada dictionary and a Kannada Encyclopædia (R. A. Dasara Session, 1925.)	Financial stringency.

(Vide *Answer to Question 29.*)

Statement showing the number of students communitywar who applied for seats in the College of Engineering, Bangalore, and the number of seats given.

	1930-31		1931-32	
	No. applied for seats.	No. of seats given.	No. applied for seats.	No. of seats given.
Brahmins ...	44	36	48	44
Neige ...	1	1	...	...
Lingayets ...	2	2	4	4
Kshatriyas ...	3	1	1	1
Vokkaligas ...	2	2	1	1
Vaisyas ...	1	1	2	2
Banajiga ...	...	...	1	1
Mahomedan	...	...	1	1
Mudaliars ...	...	...	2	...
Devanga ...	...	...	1	1
Total ...	53	43	61	55

(Vide *Answer to Question 29.*)

List showing the number of students who applied for seats in the School of Engineering during 1930-31 and 1931-32 according to communities.

Courses	Lower Grade		Higher Grade		Civil Engineering		Total	
	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32
Brahmins ...	25	34	115	167	100	72	240	273
Christians ...	6	4	24	21	...	1	30	26
High Caste Hindus ...	23	19	55	78	20	29	98	126
Mahomedans ...	...	5	5	5	3	...	8	10
Vokkaligas ...	4	3	9	8	9	3	22	14
Lingayets ...	...*	2	8	14	9	7	17	23
Adikarnatakas ...	3*	2*	2	5	4	8	9	15
Vaisyas ...	...*	1	3	4	2	1	5	6
Parsee ...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	1

List showing the number of students selected during 1930-31 and 1931-32 according to communities.

Courses	Lower Grade		Higher Grade		Civil Engineering		Total	
	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32	1930-31	1931-32
Brahmins ...	7	10	23	14	12	14	42	38
Christians	2	2	4	8	...	1	6	11
High Caste Hindus ...	15	7	19	18	10	11	44	36
Mahomedans ...	1*	5	3	4	2	...	6	9
Vokkaligas	4	...	5	1	5	3	14	4
Lingayets	1*	2	3	4	2	1	6	7
Adikarnatakas	5*	3*	...	3	2	3	7	9
Vaisyas	1*	...	1	4	1	1	3	5
Parsee	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1

* Students who had applied for the Higher Grade were given seats only in the Lower Grade when their qualifications were not high.

(Vide *Answer to Question 31.*)

	No. of Representations			Questions		
	Received	Discussed	Undiscussed and lapsed	No. received	No. answered	No. to which answers were not ready and lapsed
1928.						
Birthday Session ...	101	22	79	61	60	1
Dasara do ...	198	144	54	68	66	2
1929.						
Birthday Session ...	95	28	67	59	56	3
Dasara do ...	182	77	105	66	61	5
1930.						
Birthday Session ...	96	32	64	53	48	5
Dasara do ...	199	67	132	70	69	1
1931.						
Birthday Session ...	108	6	102	69	61	8